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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN - AFGHANISTAN OPERATIONS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of National Bank of Pakistan - Afghanistan Operations (the Bank), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023, and the statement of profit and loss, statement of comprehensive income, statement of cash flows for the year then ended and statement of changes in equity, and notes to the financial statements and material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the bank as at December 31, 2023, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs). Issued by the International Accounting Standard Board (IASB), the law of banking in Afghanistan, and other laws and regulations issued by Da Afghanistan Bank.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Bank in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code)* together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Afghanistan, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to note 8.4 of the financial statements which describe the effects of the regime change and suspension of "Assets Classification and Provisioning Regulations" by the Da Afghanistan Bank. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of Management and the Board for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRSs and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board is responsible for overseeing the Bank's financial reporting process.

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Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
 control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Bank's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide The Board with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

KABUL

DATED:

2 3 MAR 2024

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Engagement Partner: Muhammad Kamran

BDO Ebrahim & Co. Chartered Accountants

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NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN - AFGHANISTAN OPERATIONS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Notes	31-Dec-23 AFN '0	31-Dec-22 00
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	2,066,709	2,704,173
Investments	7	282,257	340,669
Loans and advances to customers	8	49,898	65,801
Property and equipment	9	7,538	9,505
Intangible asset	10	18,211	19,924
Other assets	11	192,229	262,446
Advance tax - net		14,919	14,918
Deferred tax asset	12	37,608	31,136
TOTAL ASSETS		. 2,669,368	3,448,572
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			
Head office equity - capital account	13	1,196,219	1,196,219
Retained earnings		(63,400)	(27,723)
TOTAL EQUITY		1,132,820	1,168,496
LIABILITIES			
Payable to Head Office	14	97,101	123,591
Deposits from customers	15	1,409,058	2,128,276
Deposit from bank		2,299	3,846
Lease Liabilities	16	3,978	6,018
Other liabilities	17	24,111	18,345
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,536,548	2,280,076
TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES		2,669,368	3,448,572

18

The annexed notes 1 to 29 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Contingencies and commitments

NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN - AFGHANISTAN OPERATIONS STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		31-Dec-23	31-Dec-22
	Notes	AFN '	000
Interest income		37,911	35,837
Interest expense			
Net interest income	19	37,911	35,837
Fee and commission income	20	668	1,029
Gain in sales of asset and lease		15	2,028
Operating income		38,594	38,893
Impairment allowance on loans and advances		4,327	8,167
Exchange loss		(1,359)	(4,087)
Employee compensation		(55,111)	(61,799)
Depreciation	9	(3,342)	(3,594)
Amortization	10	(1,714)	(1,714)
Finance cost on lease		(600)	(753)
Administrative expenditure	21	(22,944)	(26,345)
		(80,743)	(90,125)
Loss before tax		(42,149)	(51,232)
Taxation	22 ·	6,472	7,109
Loss for the year		(35,677)	(44,123)
Other comprehensive income			
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(35,677)	(44,123)

The annexed notes 1 to 29 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN - AFGHANISTAN OPERATIONS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Capital Account- from Head Office	Retained Earnings	Total
		AFN '000	
Balance as at January 01, 2022	1,196,219	16,400	1,212,619
Loss for the year	_	(44,123)	(44,123)
Other comprehensive income			4
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(44,123)	(44,123)
Balance as at December 31, 2022	1,196,219	(27,723)	1,168,496
Balance as at January 01, 2023	1,196,219	(27,723)	1,168,496
Loss for the year	-	(35,677)	(35,677)
Other comprehensive income	<u> </u>		
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(35,677)	(35,677)
Balance as at December 31, 2023	1,196,219	(63,400)	1,132,820

The annexed notes 1 to 29 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN - AFGHANISTAN OPERATIONS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		31-Dec-23	31-Dec-22
	Notes	AFN '0	00
Cash flows from operating activities			
Loss before taxation		(42,149)	(51,232)
Adjustments for:		18	
Depreciation	9	3,342	3,594
Amortization		1,714	1,714
Finance cost on lease		600	753
Gain in sales of asset and lease		(15)	(2,028)
Exchange (loss) / gain			(1,106)
Impairment loss on loans and advances to customers	8.3	4,327	8,167
impullition 1000 on 1000 and advantees to continue		(32,181)	(40,137)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			**************************************
Loans and advances to customers		11,575	10,221
Other assets		70,217	23,953
Deposits from customers		(719,218)	(935,611)
Deposits from banks		(1,546)	(2,751)
Payable to Head Office		(26,490)	(19,860)
Other liabilities		5,766	(442)
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Cash generated from operations		(691,877)	(964,627)
Taxes paid		(1)	-
Net cash used in operating activities		(691,878)	(964,627)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Acquisition of property and equipment	9	(1,436)	(174)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	10	78	51
Proceeds from investments	7	58,412	518,983
Net cash generated from investing activities		57,054	518,860
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayment of lease liabilities	16	(2,640)	(2,944)
Net cash used in financing activities		(2,640)	(2,944)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(637,464)	(448,710)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		2,704,173	3,152,883
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		2,066,709	2,704,173
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CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER